

A+ Computer Science

AP REVIEW

2019 AP CS A EXAM

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Multiple Choice

- answer the easiest question 1st**
- work through the test more than once**
- use the test to take the test**
- work more time intensive problems last**
- bubble answers on answer sheet as you go**
- answer every question**
- keep track of your time - 90 minutes**



Free Response

- Read all 4 questions before writing anything
- answer the easiest question 1st
- most times question 1 is the easiest
- see if part B calls part A and so on
- many times part C consists of A and B calls
- write something on every question
- write legibly / use PENCIL!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
- keep track of your time



Free Response

-When writing methods

- use parameter types and names as provided**

- do not redefine the parameters listed**

- do not redefine the methods provided**

- return from all return methods**

- return correct data type from return methods**

Free Response

- When writing a class or methods for a class**
 - know which methods you have**
 - know which instance variables you have**
 - check for public/private on methods/variables**
 - return from all return methods**
 - return correct data type from return methods**

Free Response

- When extending a class**
 - know which methods the parent contains**
 - have the original class where you can see it**
 - make sure you have super calls**
 - check for public/private on methods/variables**
 - make super calls in sub class methods as needed**

Free Response Topics

Algorithms / Logic

– ifs, loops, methods

Make a Class

– create a class

Array/ArrayList

– get,set,remove,add,size - [],length

Matrices

– nested loops - array of arrays concepts

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Free Response Question 1

Algorithms / Logic

Algorithms / Logic

Algorithm problems often use array and strings, but like this year, they sometimes just use simple loops and method calls.

Algorithms / Logic

```
for(int aplus=1; aplus<7; aplus+=2)
{
    out.println("comp");
    out.println( aplus );
}
```

OUTPUT

```
comp
1
comp
3
comp
5
```

Algorithms / Logic

```
int run=25;  
while(run >= 10)  
{  
    out.println(run);  
    out.println("loop");  
    run=run-5;  
}
```

OUTPUT

```
25  
loop  
20  
loop  
15  
loop  
10  
loop
```

```
public static numberOfLeapYears( int year1, int year2 )  
{  
  int count = 0;  
  for( int aplus = year1; aplus<=year2; aplus++ )  
  {  
    if( isLeapYear( aplus ) )  
      count++;  
  }  
  return count;  
}
```

2019
Question 1
Part A

```
public static int dayOfWeek( int m, int d, int y )  
{  
    return ( firstDayOfYear( y ) +  
            dayOfYear( m, d, y ) - 1 ) % 7;  
}
```

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Question 1
Part B

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Free Response Question 2

Make a class

Make a Class

```
public Triangle(int a, int b, int c)  
{  
    sideA=a;  
    sideB=b;  
    sideC=c;  
}
```

**Constructors are similar to methods.
Constructors set the properties of an
object to an initial state.**

Make a Class

```
public void setSideA(int a )  
{  
    sideA=a;  
}
```

Modifier methods are methods that change the properties of an object.

Make a Class

```
public int getSideA()  
{  
    return sideA;  
}
```

Accessor methods are methods that retrieve or grant access to the properties of an object, but do not make any changes.

Make a Class

```
public class Triangle  
{  
    private int sideA;  
    private int sideB;  
    private int sideC;
```

Instance variables store the state information for an object.

```

public class StepTracker
{
    private int steps, aDays, minSteps, days;

    public StepTracker(int m) {
        minSteps=m;
        steps=aDays=days=0;
    }
    public int activeDays() {
        return aDays;
    }
    public double averageSteps() {
        return steps==0?0.0:(double)steps/days;
    }
    public void addDailySteps(int st) {
        steps+=st;
        days++;
        if(st>=minSteps) {
            aDays++;
        }
    }
}

```

Make a Class

```

//could just use an if
//felt like living on
//the wild side

```

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Question 2

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Free Response Question 3

ArrayList

ArrayList

A typical ArrayList question involves putting something into an ArrayList and removing something from an ArrayList.

34	76	-8	44	22	-998
----	----	----	----	----	------

ArrayList

ArrayList is a class that houses an array.

An ArrayList can store any type.

All ArrayLists store the first reference at spot / index position 0.

34	76	-8	44	22	-998
----	----	----	----	----	------

ArrayList

frequently used methods

Name	Use
<code>add(item)</code>	adds item to the end of the list
<code>add(spot,item)</code>	adds item at spot – shifts items up->
<code>set(spot,item)</code>	put item at spot <code>z[spot]=item</code>
<code>get(spot)</code>	returns the item at spot <code>return z[spot]</code>
<code>size()</code>	returns the # of items in the list
<code>remove()</code>	removes an item from the list
<code>clear()</code>	removes all items from the list

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

ArrayList

```
List<String> ray;  
ray = new ArrayList<String>();  
ray.add("hello");  
ray.add("whoot");  
ray.add("contests");  
out.println(ray.get(0).charAt(0));  
out.println(ray.get(2).charAt(0));
```

OUTPUT

h

c

ray stores String references.

ArrayList

```
int spot=list.size()-1;  
while(spot>=0)  
{  
  
    if(list.get(spot).equals("killIt"))  
        list.remove(spot);  
  
    spot--;  
  
}
```

ArrayList

```
for(int spot=list.size()-1; i >= 0; i--)  
{  
  
    if(list.get(spot).equals("killIt"))  
        list.remove(spot);  
  
}
```

ArrayList

```
int spot=0;  
while(spot<list.size())  
{  
  
    if(list.get(spot).equals("killIt"))  
        list.remove(spot);  
else  
    spot++;  
  
}
```

```
public ArrayList<String> getDelimitersList(  
    String[] tokens)  
{  
    ArrayList<String> fun;  
    fun = new ArrayList<String>();  
    for( String s : tokens )  
    {  
        if( s.equals( openDel ) ||  
            s.equals( closeDel) )  
            fun.add( s );  
    }  
    return fun;  
}
```

2019
Question 3
Part A

```
public boolean isBalanced(ArrayList<String> delimiters)
{
    int closeCount = 0;
    int openCount = 0;
    for( String s : delimiters )
    {
        if( s.equals( openDel ) )
        {
            openCount++;
        }
        else if( s.equals( closeDel ) )
        {
            closeCount++;
        }
        if( closeCount > openCount )
        {
            return false;
        }
    }
    return closeCount == openCount;
}
```

2019

Question 3

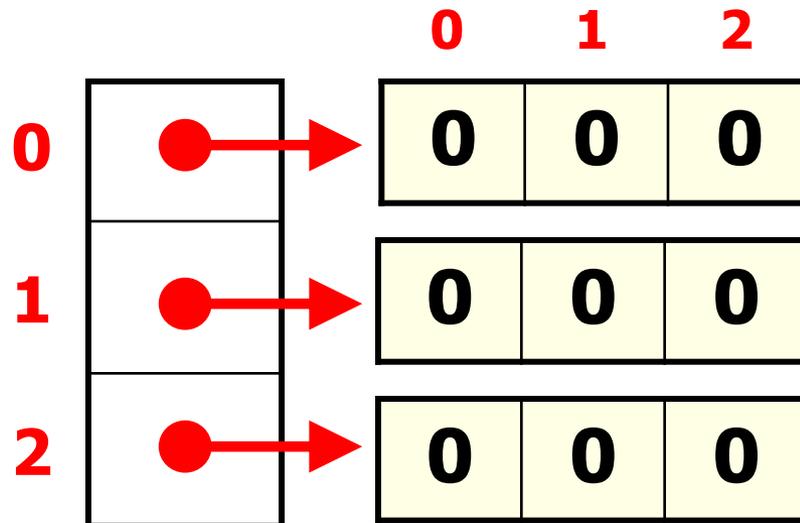
Part B

Free Response Question 4

Matrices

Matrices

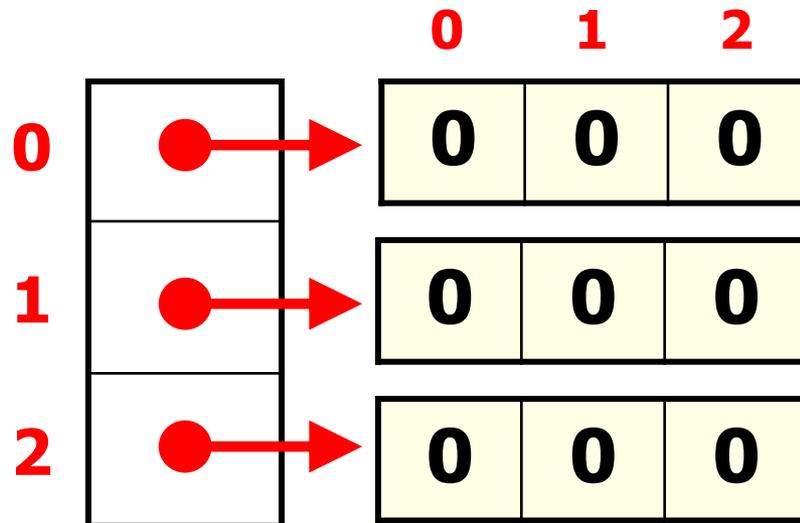
Typically, 1 question on the A test free response will require that students manipulate a 2-dimensional array.



Matrices

A matrix is an array of arrays.

```
int[][] mat = new int[3][3];
```



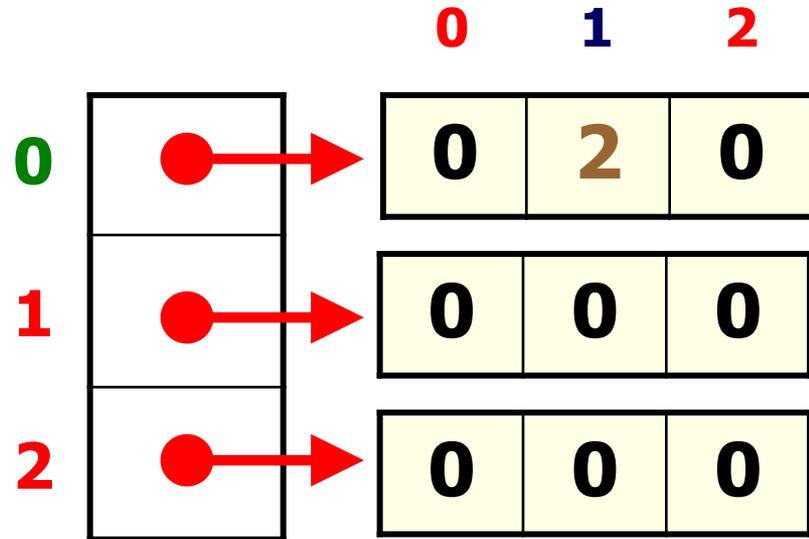
Matrices

A matrix is an array of arrays.

```
int[][] mat = new int[3][3];  
mat[0][1]=2;
```

Which
array?

Which
spot?



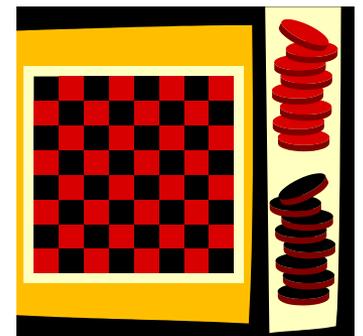
Matrices

	0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0	5	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	7	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	3	0	0	0

`mat[2][2]=7;`

`mat[0][3]=5;`

`mat[4][1]=3`



Matrices

```
for( int r = 0; r < mat.length; r++)  
{  
  for( int c = 0; c < mat[r].length; c++)  
  {  
    mat[r][c] = r*c;  
  }  
}
```

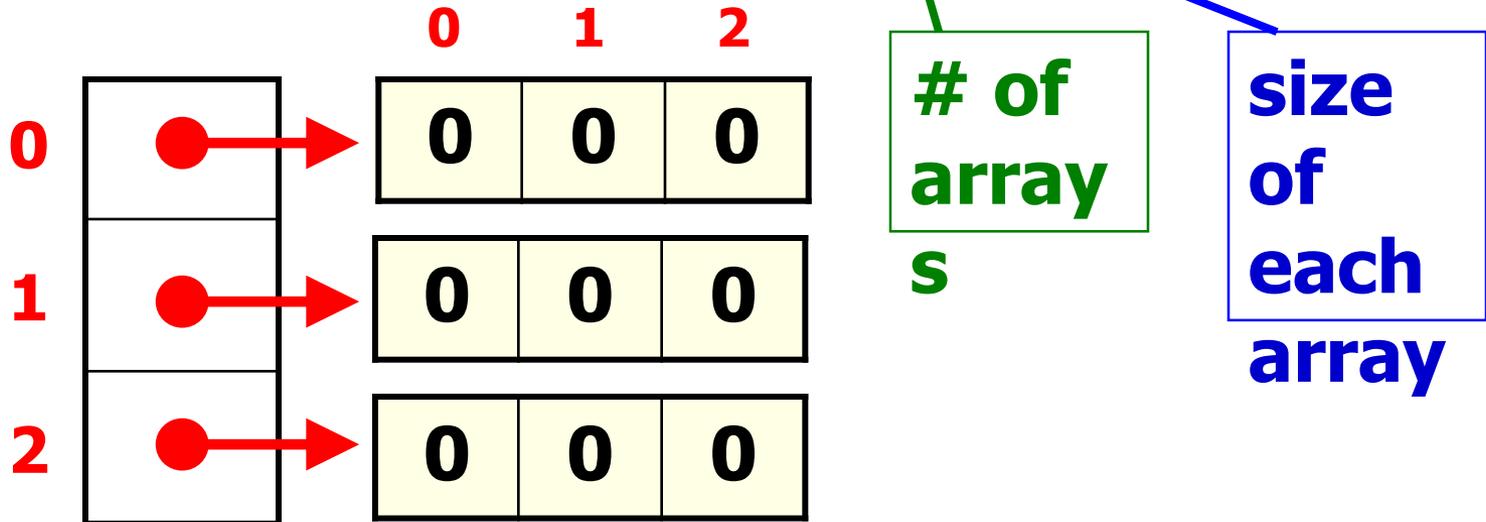
if mat was 3x3

0	0	0
0	1	2
0	2	4

Matrices

A matrix is an array of arrays.

```
int[][] mat = new int[3][3];
```



Matrices – for each

```
int[][] mat = {{5,7},{5,3,4,6},{0,8,9}};
```

```
for( int[] row : mat )  
{  
    for( int num : row )  
    {  
        System.out.print( num + " ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
}
```

OUTPUT

5 7

5 3 4 6

0 8 9

Matrices – for loop

```
int[][] mat = {{5,7},{5,3,4,6},{0,8,9}};
```

```
for( int r = 0; r < mat.length; r++ )  
{  
    for( int c = 0; c < mat[r].length; c++ )  
    {  
        System.out.print( mat[r][c] + " ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
}
```

OUTPUT

5 7

5 3 4 6

0 8 9

```
public LightBoard(int numRows, int numCols)  
{  
    lights=new boolean[numRows][numCols];  
    for(int r=0;r<numRows;r++)  
        for(int c=0;c<numCols;c++)  
            lights[r][c]=(int)(Math.random()*10)<=3;  
}
```

2019
Question 4
part A

```
public boolean evaluateLight(int row, int col)
{
    boolean light=lights[row][col];
    int n=0;
    for(int r=0;r<lights.length;r++)
        if(lights[r][col])
            n++;
    if(light && n%2==0)
        return false;
    else if(!light && n%3==0)
        return true;
    return light;
}
```

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Question 4
part B

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